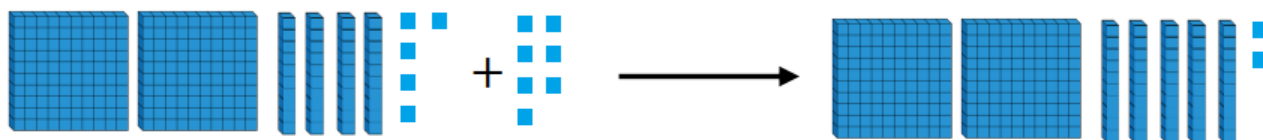

 We can use Base 10 to solve $245 + 7$




 Use this method to calculate:

$$357 + 8$$


$$286 + 5$$

$$419 + 1$$

 We can use a number line to calculate $346 + 7$




$$\begin{array}{l} 46 + 4 = 50 \quad 50 + 3 = 53 \\ \text{so } 346 + 7 = 353 \end{array}$$

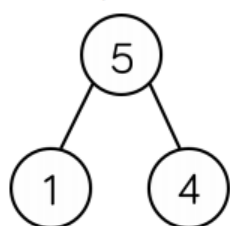
 Use this method to calculate:

$$564 + 8$$

$$716 + 9$$


$$327 + 5$$

 We can partition our 1-digit number to calculate $379 + 5$



$$379 + 1 = 380$$

$$380 + 4 = 384$$

 Use this method to calculate:

$$178 + 9$$

$$826 + 7$$

$$359 + 8$$

Always, Sometimes, Never

When 7 and 5 are added together in the ones column, the digit in the ones column of the answer will always be 2

What other digits would always give a 2 in the ones column? Prove it.

Which questions are harder to calculate?

$$234 + 3 =$$

$$506 + 8 =$$

$$455 + 7 =$$

$$521 + 6 =$$

Explain your answer.